

Abstracts of other Publications

AUGUSTO TAPIA, A dinosaur mandible from Patagonia.*

The fossil described in this brief communication comes from sediments that represent the *Piso Pehuenche* of the *Guarantica Formation* and was collected by the author in the ravines northeast of Lago Colhué-Huapí, in the neighborhood of the mouth of the Río Chico, during his trip to Chubut Territory, in 1917.

The paper describes a portion of the mandible (left dentary, incomplete) of a dinosaur belonging to the group *Praedentata* (MARSH) [*Orthopoda* (COPE)], which by its characteristics can be identified as a new genus and species (1) within the family Ceratopsidae (MARSH); reptiles that until now had been known only from the Cretaceous of North America and, with some doubt, contemporaneous formations in continental Europe (Austria) (2).

He named this dinosaur *Notoceratops Bonarelli* n.g., n, sp. (3).

- (1) The full detail of the fossil in question will be described in a further publication.
- (2) See HATCHER and LULL "*Monograph on the Ceratopsia*" in *Geological Survey*, volume XLIX, part 1, pages 3, 9, 12, and 13, 1917.
- (3) The species was named after the distinguished geologist and friend Dr. GUIDO BONARELLI.

* Original citation: Tapia, A. 1918. Una mandibula de Dinosaurio procedente de Patagonia. *Physis* 4:369-370. Translated by Carlos Peredo, Seton Hill University, October 2011.